



		-
Ticket #:	Request Date:	Request Time:
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •

Saizen® Prior Authorization Request Form (Page 1 of 5)

DO NOT COPY FOR FUTURE USE. FORMS ARE UPDATED FREQUENTLY AND MAY BE BARCODED								
Member Information (required)		Provider Information (required)						
Member Name:			Provider Name:					
Insurance ID#:		NPI#: Sp		Specialty:	Specialty:			
Date of Birth:		Office Phone:						
Street Address:			Office Fax:					
City:	State:	Zip:	Office Street Address:					
Phone:			City:	State: Zip:		Zip:		
		Medication Info	ormation (required	d)				
Medication Name:			Strength:	<i>'</i>	Dosage Form:			
☐ Check if requesting	g brand		Directions for Use:					
☐ Check if request is	for continuation of the	erapy						
		Clinical Infor	mation (required)					
Select the diagnosis below: Pediatric growth hormone deficiency Growth hormone deficiency in adults Growth hormone deficiency in transition phase adolescents Idiopathic short stature (ISS) Isolated growth hormone deficiency in adults Pediatric growth failure associated with chronic renal insufficiency Prader-Willi syndrome Short-stature homeobox (SHOX) gene deficiency Small for gestational age (SGA) Turner syndrome or Noonan syndrome Other diagnosis: ICD-10 Code(s):								
Clinical Information: Is Saizen prescribed by or in consultation with an endocrinologist? ☐ Yes ☐ No For patients with chronic renal insufficiency, is Saizen prescribed by or in consultation with a nephrologist? ☐ Yes ☐ No Select if the patient has had a trial and failure or intolerance to the following: ☐ Norditropin ☐ Nutropin AQ/Nutropin AQ Nuspin ☐ Omnitrope For pediatric growth hormone deficiency, also answer the following:								
Is the patient an infant < 4 months of age? \(\text{Yes} \) \(\text{No} \) Does the infant have growth deficiency? \(\text{Yes} \) \(\text{No} \) Does the patient have history of neonatal hypoglycemia associated with pituitary disease? \(\text{Yes} \) \(\text{No} \) Does the patient have panhypopituitarism? \(\text{Yes} \) \(\text{No} \) Is the patient's height > 2.0 standard deviations [SD] below mid-parental height? \(\text{Yes} \) \(\text{No} \) \(\text{Continued on next page} > \)								

Please note that this form is to be completed by the prescribing physician. This document and others, if attached, contain information that is privileged, confidential and/or may contain protected health information (PHI). The Provider named above is required to safeguard PHI by applicable law. This form and its contents are permissible under HIPAA as the protected health information (PHI) contained in this letter is only being used for purposes related to the provision of treatment, payment and healthcare operations (TPO). Proper consent to disclose PHI between these parties has been obtained. If you received this document by mistake, please know that sharing, copying, distributing or using information in this document is against the law. If you are not the intended recipient, please notify the sender immediately. Office use only: Saizen_Comm_5/2019

Saizen® Prior Authorization Request Form (Page 2 of 5) DO NOT COPY FOR FUTURE USE. FORMS ARE UPDATED FREQUENTLY AND MAY BE BARCODED

Continuation of pediatric growth hormone deficiency>					
Is the patient's height > 2.25 SD below population mean (below the 1.2 percentile for age and gender)? Yes No					
Is the patient's growth velocity > 2 SD below mean for age and gender? No					
Does the patient have delayed skeletal maturation of > 2 SD below mean for age and gender (e.g., delayed > 2 years compared with chronological age)? No					
Is the patient's bone age < 16 years for males or < 14 years for females? ☐ Yes ☐ No					
Select if the patient has undergone provocative GH stimulation tests with the following: (Document the GH response)					
Arginine Peak value:mcg/L					
☐ Clonidine Peak value:mcg/L					
Glucagon Peak value:mcg/L					
☐ Insulin Peak value:mcg/L ☐ Levodopa Peak value: mcg/L					
☐ Levodopa Peak value:mcg/L ☐ Growth hormone releasing hormone Peak value:mcg/L					
For patients than 1 year of age, select if the following is below the age and gender adjusted normal range as provided by the physician's lab: (Document the specified lab value and reference range)					
☐ Insulin-like growth factor 1 (IGF-1/Somatomedin-C) IGF-1/Somatomedin-C level: Reference range:					
Insulin-like growth factor i (197-1/30matomedin-C) 197-1/30matomedin-C level Reference range.					
☐ Insulin growth factor binding protein-3 (IGFBP-3) IGFBP-3 level: Reference range:					
Will pediatric growth hormone dosing be utilized as defined by the prescribing information? Yes No					
Reauthorization:					
Please document that the patient has had a height increase of at least 2 cm/year over the previous year of treatment below:					
Previous height: Date obtained:					
Current height: Date obtained:					
Has the expected adult height been reached? ☐ Yes ☐ No					
Document the expected adult height goal:					
For growth hormone (GH) deficiency in adults, also answer the following:					
For growth hormone (GH) deficiency in adults, also answer the following: Are there clinical records supporting a diagnosis of childhood-onset GH deficiency? Yes No					
Are there clinical records supporting a diagnosis of childhood-onset GH deficiency? Yes No					
Are there clinical records supporting a diagnosis of childhood-onset GH deficiency? Yes No Does the patient have adult-onset GH deficiency? Yes No					
Are there clinical records supporting a diagnosis of childhood-onset GH deficiency?					
Are there clinical records supporting a diagnosis of childhood-onset GH deficiency?					
Are there clinical records supporting a diagnosis of childhood-onset GH deficiency?					
Are there clinical records supporting a diagnosis of childhood-onset GH deficiency? ☐ Yes ☐ No Does the patient have adult-onset GH deficiency? ☐ Yes ☐ No Are there clinical records documenting that hormone deficiency is a result of hypothalamic-pituitary disease from organic or known causes (e.g., damage from surgery, cranial irradiation, head trauma, or subarachnoid hemorrhage)? ☐ Yes ☐ No Select if the patient has undergone one of the following GH stimulation tests to confirm adult GH deficiency and the peak GH value is as follows: ☐ Insulin tolerance test (ITT) ≤ 5 mcg/L					
Are there clinical records supporting a diagnosis of childhood-onset GH deficiency? ☐ Yes ☐ No Does the patient have adult-onset GH deficiency? ☐ Yes ☐ No Are there clinical records documenting that hormone deficiency is a result of hypothalamic-pituitary disease from organic or known causes (e.g., damage from surgery, cranial irradiation, head trauma, or subarachnoid hemorrhage)? ☐ Yes ☐ No Select if the patient has undergone one of the following GH stimulation tests to confirm adult GH deficiency and the peak GH value is as follows: ☐ Insulin tolerance test (ITT) ≤ 5 mcg/L ☐ Arginine & GH-releasing hormone (GHRH+ARG) ≤ 11 mcg/L if body mass index (BMI) is < 25 kg/m²; ≤ 8 mcg/L if BMI is ≥ 25 and					
Are there clinical records supporting a diagnosis of childhood-onset GH deficiency? ☐ Yes ☐ No Does the patient have adult-onset GH deficiency? ☐ Yes ☐ No Are there clinical records documenting that hormone deficiency is a result of hypothalamic-pituitary disease from organic or known causes (e.g., damage from surgery, cranial irradiation, head trauma, or subarachnoid hemorrhage)? ☐ Yes ☐ No Select if the patient has undergone one of the following GH stimulation tests to confirm adult GH deficiency and the peak GH value is as follows: ☐ Insulin tolerance test (ITT) ≤ 5 mcg/L ☐ Arginine & GH-releasing hormone (GHRH+ARG) ≤ 11 mcg/L if body mass index (BMI) is < 25 kg/m²; ≤ 8 mcg/L if BMI is ≥ 25 and < 30 kg/m²; ≤ 4 mcg/L if BMI is ≥ 30 kg/m²					
Are there clinical records supporting a diagnosis of childhood-onset GH deficiency? ☐ Yes ☐ No Does the patient have adult-onset GH deficiency? ☐ Yes ☐ No Are there clinical records documenting that hormone deficiency is a result of hypothalamic-pituitary disease from organic or known causes (e.g., damage from surgery, cranial irradiation, head trauma, or subarachnoid hemorrhage)? ☐ Yes ☐ No Select if the patient has undergone one of the following GH stimulation tests to confirm adult GH deficiency and the peak GH value is as follows: ☐ Insulin tolerance test (ITT) ≤ 5 mcg/L ☐ Arginine & GH-releasing hormone (GHRH+ARG) ≤ 11 mcg/L if body mass index (BMI) is < 25 kg/m²; ≤ 8 mcg/L if BMI is ≥ 25 and					
Are there clinical records supporting a diagnosis of childhood-onset GH deficiency? ☐ Yes ☐ No Does the patient have adult-onset GH deficiency? ☐ Yes ☐ No Are there clinical records documenting that hormone deficiency is a result of hypothalamic-pituitary disease from organic or known causes (e.g., damage from surgery, cranial irradiation, head trauma, or subarachnoid hemorrhage)? ☐ Yes ☐ No Select if the patient has undergone one of the following GH stimulation tests to confirm adult GH deficiency and the peak GH value is as follows: ☐ Insulin tolerance test (ITT) ≤ 5 mcg/L ☐ Arginine & GH-releasing hormone (GHRH+ARG) ≤ 11 mcg/L if body mass index (BMI) is < 25 kg/m²; ≤ 8 mcg/L if BMI is ≥ 25 and < 30 kg/m²; ≤ 4 mcg/L if BMI is ≥ 30 kg/m² ☐ Glucagon ≤ 3 mcg/L					
Are there clinical records supporting a diagnosis of childhood-onset GH deficiency? □ Yes □ No Does the patient have adult-onset GH deficiency? □ Yes □ No Are there clinical records documenting that hormone deficiency is a result of hypothalamic-pituitary disease from organic or known causes (e.g., damage from surgery, cranial irradiation, head trauma, or subarachnoid hemorrhage)? □ Yes □ No Select if the patient has undergone one of the following GH stimulation tests to confirm adult GH deficiency and the peak GH value is as follows: □ Insulin tolerance test (ITT) ≤ 5 mcg/L □ Arginine & GH-releasing hormone (GHRH+ARG) ≤ 11 mcg/L if body mass index (BMI) is < 25 kg/m²; ≤ 8 mcg/L if BMI is ≥ 25 and < 30 kg/m²; ≤ 4 mcg/L if BMI is ≥ 30 kg/m² □ Glucagon ≤ 3 mcg/L □ Arginine (ARG) ≤ 0.4 mcg/L Select if there is documentation the patient has deficiency of the following anterior pituitary hormones: □ Adrenocorticotropic hormone (ACTH) □ Prolactin					
Are there clinical records supporting a diagnosis of childhood-onset GH deficiency? □ Yes □ No Does the patient have adult-onset GH deficiency? □ Yes □ No Are there clinical records documenting that hormone deficiency is a result of hypothalamic-pituitary disease from organic or known causes (e.g., damage from surgery, cranial irradiation, head trauma, or subarachnoid hemorrhage)? □ Yes □ No Select if the patient has undergone one of the following GH stimulation tests to confirm adult GH deficiency and the peak GH value is as follows: □ Insulin tolerance test (ITT) ≤ 5 mcg/L □ Arginine & GH-releasing hormone (GHRH+ARG) ≤ 11 mcg/L if body mass index (BMI) is < 25 kg/m²; ≤ 8 mcg/L if BMI is ≥ 25 and < 30 kg/m²; ≤ 4 mcg/L if BMI is ≥ 30 kg/m² □ Glucagon ≤ 3 mcg/L □ Arginine (ARG) ≤ 0.4 mcg/L Select if there is documentation the patient has deficiency of the following anterior pituitary hormones: □ Adrenocorticotropic hormone (ACTH) □ Prolactin □ Follicle-stimulating hormone/luteinizing hormone (FSH/LH) □ Thyroid stimulating hormone (TSH)					
Are there clinical records supporting a diagnosis of childhood-onset GH deficiency? □ Yes □ No Does the patient have adult-onset GH deficiency? □ Yes □ No Are there clinical records documenting that hormone deficiency is a result of hypothalamic-pituitary disease from organic or known causes (e.g., damage from surgery, cranial irradiation, head trauma, or subarachnoid hemorrhage)? □ Yes □ No Select if the patient has undergone one of the following GH stimulation tests to confirm adult GH deficiency and the peak GH value is as follows: □ Insulin tolerance test (ITT) ≤ 5 mcg/L □ Arginine & GH-releasing hormone (GHRH+ARG) ≤ 11 mcg/L if body mass index (BMI) is < 25 kg/m²; ≤ 8 mcg/L if BMI is ≥ 25 and < 30 kg/m²; ≤ 4 mcg/L if BMI is ≥ 30 kg/m² □ Glucagon ≤ 3 mcg/L □ Arginine (ARG) ≤ 0.4 mcg/L Select if there is documentation the patient has deficiency of the following anterior pituitary hormones: □ Adrenocorticotropic hormone (ACTH) □ Prolactin					
Are there clinical records supporting a diagnosis of childhood-onset GH deficiency? □ Yes □ No Does the patient have adult-onset GH deficiency? □ Yes □ No Are there clinical records documenting that hormone deficiency is a result of hypothalamic-pituitary disease from organic or known causes (e.g., damage from surgery, cranial irradiation, head trauma, or subarachnoid hemorrhage)? □ Yes □ No Select if the patient has undergone one of the following GH stimulation tests to confirm adult GH deficiency and the peak GH value is as follows: □ Insulin tolerance test (ITT) ≤ 5 mcg/L □ Arginine & GH-releasing hormone (GHRH+ARG) ≤ 11 mcg/L if body mass index (BMI) is < 25 kg/m²; ≤ 8 mcg/L if BMI is ≥ 25 and < 30 kg/m²; ≤ 4 mcg/L if BMI is ≥ 30 kg/m² □ Glucagon ≤ 3 mcg/L □ Arginine (ARG) ≤ 0.4 mcg/L Select if there is documentation the patient has deficiency of the following anterior pituitary hormones: □ Adrenocorticotropic hormone (ACTH) □ Prolactin □ Follicle-stimulating hormone/luteinizing hormone (FSH/LH) □ Thyroid stimulating hormone (TSH) Does the patient have an IGF-1/Somatomedin-C level below the age and gender adjusted normal range as provided by the physician's					
Are there clinical records supporting a diagnosis of childhood-onset GH deficiency? □ Yes □ No Does the patient have adult-onset GH deficiency? □ Yes □ No Are there clinical records documenting that hormone deficiency is a result of hypothalamic-pituitary disease from organic or known causes (e.g., damage from surgery, cranial irradiation, head trauma, or subarachnoid hemorrhage)? □ Yes □ No Select if the patient has undergone one of the following GH stimulation tests to confirm adult GH deficiency and the peak GH value is as follows: □ Insulin tolerance test (ITT) ≤ 5 mcg/L □ Arginine & GH-releasing hormone (GHRH+ARG) ≤ 11 mcg/L if body mass index (BMI) is < 25 kg/m²; ≤ 8 mcg/L if BMI is ≥ 25 and < 30 kg/m²; ≤ 4 mcg/L if BMI is ≥ 30 kg/m² □ Glucagon ≤ 3 mcg/L □ Arginine (ARG) ≤ 0.4 mcg/L Select if there is documentation the patient has deficiency of the following anterior pituitary hormones: □ Adrenocorticotropic hormone (ACTH) □ Prolactin □ Follicle-stimulating hormone/luteinizing hormone (FSH/LH) □ Thyroid stimulating hormone (TSH) Does the patient have an IGF-1/Somatomedin-C level below the age and gender adjusted normal range as provided by the physician's lab? □ Yes □ No					
Are there clinical records supporting a diagnosis of childhood-onset GH deficiency? □ Yes □ No Does the patient have adult-onset GH deficiency? □ Yes □ No Are there clinical records documenting that hormone deficiency is a result of hypothalamic-pituitary disease from organic or known causes (e.g., damage from surgery, cranial irradiation, head trauma, or subarachnoid hemorrhage)? □ Yes □ No Select if the patient has undergone one of the following GH stimulation tests to confirm adult GH deficiency and the peak GH value is as follows: □ Insulin tolerance test (ITT) ≤ 5 mcg/L □ Arginine & GH-releasing hormone (GHRH+ARG) ≤ 11 mcg/L if body mass index (BMI) is < 25 kg/m²; ≤ 8 mcg/L if BMI is ≥ 25 and < 30 kg/m²; ≤ 4 mcg/L if BMI is ≥ 30 kg/m² □ Glucagon ≤ 3 mcg/L □ Arginine (ARG) ≤ 0.4 mcg/L Select if there is documentation the patient has deficiency of the following anterior pituitary hormones: □ Adrenocorticotropic hormone (ACTH) □ Prolactin □ Follicle-stimulating hormone/luteinizing hormone (FSH/LH) □ Thyroid stimulating hormone (TSH) Does the patient have an IGF-1/Somatomedin-C level below the age and gender adjusted normal range as provided by the physician's lab? □ Yes □ No Will the requested medication be used in combination with aromatase inhibitors (e.g., Arimidex [anastrozole], Femara					
Are there clinical records supporting a diagnosis of childhood-onset GH deficiency? □ Yes □ No Does the patient have adult-onset GH deficiency? □ Yes □ No Are there clinical records documenting that hormone deficiency is a result of hypothalamic-pituitary disease from organic or known causes (e.g., damage from surgery, cranial irradiation, head trauma, or subarrachnoid hemorrhage)? □ Yes □ No Select if the patient has undergone one of the following GH stimulation tests to confirm adult GH deficiency and the peak GH value is as follows: □ Insulin tolerance test (ITT) ≤ 5 mcg/L □ Arginine & GH-releasing hormone (GHRH+ARG) ≤ 11 mcg/L if body mass index (BMI) is < 25 kg/m²; ≤ 8 mcg/L if BMI is ≥ 25 and < 30 kg/m²; ≤ 4 mcg/L if BMI is ≥ 30 kg/m² □ Glucagon ≤ 3 mcg/L □ Arginine (ARG) ≤ 0.4 mcg/L Select if there is documentation the patient has deficiency of the following anterior pituitary hormones: □ Adrenocorticotropic hormone (ACTH) □ Prolactin □ Follicle-stimulating hormone/luteinizing hormone (FSH/LH) □ Thyroid stimulating hormone (TSH) Does the patient have an IGF-1/Somatomedin-C level below the age and gender adjusted normal range as provided by the physician's lab? □ Yes □ No Will the requested medication be used in combination with aromatase inhibitors (e.g., Arimidex [anastrozole], Femara [letrozole])? □ Yes □ No Will the requested medication be used in combination with androgens (e.g., Delatestryl [testosterone enanthate], Depo-Testosterone					
Are there clinical records supporting a diagnosis of childhood-onset GH deficiency? □ Yes □ No Does the patient have adult-onset GH deficiency? □ Yes □ No Are there clinical records documenting that hormone deficiency is a result of hypothalamic-pituitary disease from organic or known causes (e.g., damage from surgery, cranial irradiation, head trauma, or subarachnoid hemorrhage)? □ Yes □ No Select if the patient has undergone one of the following GH stimulation tests to confirm adult GH deficiency and the peak GH value is as follows: □ Insulin tolerance test (ITT) ≤ 5 mcg/L □ Arginine & GH-releasing hormone (GHRH+ARG) ≤ 11 mcg/L if body mass index (BMI) is < 25 kg/m²; ≤ 8 mcg/L if BMI is ≥ 25 and < 30 kg/m²; ≤ 4 mcg/L if BMI is ≥ 30 kg/m² □ Glucagon ≤ 3 mcg/L □ Arginine (ARG) ≤ 0.4 mcg/L Select if there is documentation the patient has deficiency of the following anterior pituitary hormones: □ Adrenocorticotropic hormone (ACTH) □ Prolactin □ Follicle-stimulating hormone/luteinizing hormone (FSH/LH) □ Thyroid stimulating hormone (TSH) Does the patient have an IGF-1/Somatomedin-C level below the age and gender adjusted normal range as provided by the physician's lab? □ Yes □ No Will the requested medication be used in combination with aromatase inhibitors (e.g., Arimidex [anastrozole], Femara [letrozole])? □ Yes □ No Will the requested medication be used in combination with androgens (e.g., Delatestryl [testosterone enanthate], Depo-Testosterone [testosterone cypionate])? □ Yes □ No					
Are there clinical records supporting a diagnosis of childhood-onset GH deficiency? □ Yes □ No Does the patient have adult-onset GH deficiency? □ Yes □ No Are there clinical records documenting that hormone deficiency is a result of hypothalamic-pituitary disease from organic or known causes (e.g., damage from surgery, cranial irradiation, head trauma, or subarachnoid hemorrhage)? □ Yes □ No Select if the patient has undergone one of the following GH stimulation tests to confirm adult GH deficiency and the peak GH value is as follows: □ Insulin tolerance test (ITT) ≤ 5 mcg/L □ Arginine & GH-releasing hormone (GHRH+ARG) ≤ 11 mcg/L if body mass index (BMI) is < 25 kg/m²; ≤ 8 mcg/L if BMI is ≥ 25 and < 30 kg/m²; ≤ 4 mcg/L if BMI is ≥ 30 kg/m² □ Glucagon ≤ 3 mcg/L □ Arginine (ARG) ≤ 0.4 mcg/L Select if there is documentation the patient has deficiency of the following anterior pituitary hormones: □ Adrenocorticotropic hormone (ACTH) □ Prolactin □ Follicle-stimulating hormone/luteinizing hormone (FSH/LH) □ Thyroid stimulating hormone (TSH) Does the patient have an IGF-1/Somatomedin-C level below the age and gender adjusted normal range as provided by the physician's lab? □ Yes □ No Will the requested medication be used in combination with androgens (e.g., Arimidex [anastrozole], Femara [letrozole])? □ Yes □ No Will the requested medication be used in combination with androgens (e.g., Delatestryl [testosterone enanthate], Depo-Testosterone [testosterone cypionate])? □ Yes □ No Will adult GH dosing be utilized as defined by the prescribing information? □ Yes □ No					

Please note that this form is to be completed by the prescribing physician. This document and others, if attached, contain information that is privileged, confidential and/or may contain protected health information (PHI). The Provider named above is required to safeguard PHI by applicable law. This form and its contents are permissible under HIPAA as the protected health information (PHI) contained in this letter is only being used for purposes related to the provision of treatment, payment and healthcare operations (TPO). Proper consent to disclose PHI between these parties has been obtained. If you received this document by mistake, please know that sharing, copying, distributing or using information in this document is against the law. If you are not the intended recipient, please notify the sender immediately. Office use only: Saizen_Comm_5/2019

Saizen® Prior Authorization Request Form (Page 3 of 5) DO NOT COPY FOR FUTURE USE. FORMS ARE UPDATED FREQUENTLY AND MAY BE BARCODED

Will the requested medication be used in combination with aromatase inhibitors (e.g., Arimidex [anastrozole], Femara [letrozole])? No				
Will the requested medication be used in combination with androgens (e.g., Delatestryl [testosterone enanthate], Depo-Testosterone [testosterone cypionate])? Yes No				
Will adult GH dosing be utilized as defined by the prescribing information? ☐ Yes ☐ No				
For growth hormone (GH) deficiency in transition phase adolescents, also answer the following:				
Will adult GH dosing be utilized as defined by the prescribing information (additional information may be found in the AACE 2009 treatment guideline)? ☐ Yes ☐ No				
Has the expected adult height been reached? ☐ Yes ☐ No				
Are the patient's epiphyses closed on bone radiograph? Yes No				
Select if there is documentation the patient has high risk of GH deficiency due to GH deficiency in childhood from one of the following: Embryopathic/congenital defects				
☐ Deficiency of three or more of the following anterior pituitary hormones: ACTH, TSH, Prolactin, FSH/LH				
Does the patient have an IGF-1/Somatomedin-C level below the age and gender adjusted normal range as provided by the physician's lab? No				
Is the patient at low risk of severe GH deficiency (e.g., due to isolated and/or idiopathic deficiency)? Yes No				
Has GH therapy been discontinued for at least 1 month? ☐ Yes ☐ No				
Select if the patient has undergone one of the following GH stimulation tests after discontinuation of therapy for at least 1 month and the peak GH value is as follows: ☐ Insulin tolerance test (ITT) ≤ 5 mcg/L				
Arginine & GH-releasing hormone (GHRH+ARG) ≤ 11 mcg/L if body mass index (BMI) is < 25 kg/m²; ≤ 8 mcg/L if BMI is ≥ 25 and < 30 kg/m²; ≤ 4 mcg/L if BMI is ≥ 30 kg/m²				
☐ Glucagon ≤ 3 mcg/L☐ Arginine (ARG) ≤ 0.4 mcg/L				
Reauthorization:				
Is there evidence the patient has had a positive response to therapy (e.g., increase in total lean body mass, exercise capacity or IGF-1 and IGFBP-3 levels)? Yes No				
Will adult GH dosing be utilized as defined by the prescribing information (additional information may be found in the AACE 2009 treatment guideline)? Yes No				
For isolated growth hormone deficiency in adults, also answer the following:				
Is there documentation the patient has deficiency of GH defined by a failure to produce a peak serum GH level of > 5 mcg/L after provocative pharmacologic stimulation by two of the following tests: Insulin, L-arginine, and/or glucagon?				
Will the requested medication be used in combination with aromatase inhibitors (e.g., Arimidex [anastrozole], Femara [letrozole])? ☐ Yes ☐ No				
Will the requested medication be used in combination with androgens (e.g., Delatestryl [testosterone enanthate], Depo-Testosterone [testosterone cypionate])? Yes No				
Reauthorization:				
Is there evidence of ongoing monitoring as demonstrated by documentation within the past 12 months of an IGF-1/Somatomedin-C level? Yes No				
Will the requested medication be used in combination with aromatase inhibitors (e.g., Arimidex [anastrozole], Femara [letrozole])? ☐ Yes ☐ No				
Will the requested medication be used in combination with androgens (e.g., Delatestryl [testosterone enanthate], Depo-Testosterone [testosterone cypionate])? Yes No				
For pediatric growth failure associated with chronic renal insufficiency, also answer the following:				
Is the patient's bone age < 16 years for males or < 14 years for females? ☐ Yes ☐ No				
Reauthorization:				
Please document that the patient has had a height increase of at least 2 cm/year over the previous year of treatment below:				
Previous height: Date obtained:				
Current height: Date obtained:				
Has the expected adult height been reached? ☐ Yes ☐ No				
Document the expected adult height goal:				

Please note that this form is to be completed by the prescribing physician. This document and others, if attached, contain information that is privileged, confidential and/or may contain protected health information (PHI). The Provider named above is required to safeguard PHI by applicable law. This form and its contents are permissible under HIPAA as the protected health information (PHI) contained in this letter is only being used for purposes related to the provision of treatment, payment and healthcare operations (TPO). Proper consent to disclose PHI between these parties has been obtained. If you received this document by mistake, please know that sharing, copying, distributing or using information in this document is against the law. If you are not the intended recipient, please notify the sender immediately. Office use only: Saizen_Comm_5/2019

Saizen® Prior Authorization Request Form (Page 4 of 5) DO NOT COPY FOR FUTURE USE. FORMS ARE UPDATED FREQUENTLY AND MAY BE BARCODED

For Prader-Willi syndrome, also answer the following:
Reauthorization:
Is there evidence the patient has had a positive response to therapy (e.g., increase in total lean body mass, decrease in fat mass)? Yes No
Please document that the patient has had a height increase of at least 2 cm/year over the previous year of treatment below:
Previous height: Date obtained:
Current height: Date obtained:
Has the expected adult height been reached? ☐ Yes ☐ No
Document the expected adult height goal:
For short-stature homeobox (SHOX) gene deficiency, also answer the following:
Does the patient have a diagnosis of pediatric growth failure with short stature homeobox (SHOX) gene deficiency as confirmed by genetic testing? Yes No
Is the patient's bone age < 16 years for males or < 14 years for females? ☐ Yes ☐ No
Reauthorization:
Please document that the patient has had a height increase of at least 2 cm/year over the previous year of treatment below: Previous height: Date obtained:
Current height: Date obtained:
Has the expected adult height been reached? ☐ Yes ☐ No
Document the expected adult height goal:
For small for gestational age (SGA), also answer the following:
Select if the diagnosis of SGA is based on demonstration of catch up growth failure in the first 24 months of life using a 0-36 month growth chart as confirmed by one of the following: Patient's birth weight was below the 3 rd percentile for gestational age (> 2 SD below population mean) Patient's birth length was below the 3 rd percentile for gestational age (> 2 SD below population mean)
Does patient's height remain ≤ the 3 rd percentile (> 2 SD below population mean)? ☐ Yes ☐ No
Reauthorization:
Please document that the patient has had a height increase of at least 2 cm/year over the previous year of treatment below:
Previous height: Date obtained:
Current height: Date obtained:
Has the expected adult height been reached? ☐ Yes ☐ No
Document the expected adult height goal:
For Turner syndrome (gonadal dysgenesis) or Noonan syndrome, also answer the following:
Is the patient's bone age < 16 years for males or < 14 years for females? ☐ Yes ☐ No
Is the patient's height below the 5 th percentile on growth charts for age and gender? ☐ Yes ☐ No
Reauthorization:
Please document that the patient has had a height increase of at least 2 cm/year over the previous year of treatment below:
Previous height: Date obtained:
Current height: Date obtained:
Has the expected adult height been reached? ☐ Yes ☐ No
Document the expected adult height goal:
Are there any other comments, diagnoses, symptoms, medications tried or failed, and/or any other information the physician feels is important this review?

Please note that this form is to be completed by the prescribing physician. This document and others, if attached, contain information that is privileged, confidential and/or may contain protected health information (PHI). The Provider named above is required to safeguard PHI by applicable law. This form and its contents are permissible under HIPAA as the protected health information (PHI) contained in this letter is only being used for purposes related to the provision of treatment, payment and healthcare operations (TPO). Proper consent to disclose PHI between these parties has been obtained. If you received this document by mistake, please know that sharing, copying, distributing or using information in this document is against the law. If you are not the intended recipient, please notify the sender immediately. Office use only: Saizen_Comm_5/2019

Saizen® Prior Authorization Request Form (Page 5 of 5) DO NOT COPY FOR FUTURE USE. FORMS ARE UPDATED FREQUENTLY AND MAY BE BARCODED

Authorized Medical Signature:				
Telephone:	Date:			

When Completed Return To:

MC-Rx Clinical Division, 1267 Professional Parkway, Gainesville, GA 30507 1-866-965-Drug (3784) / Fax # 866-999-7736

Please note: This request may be denied unless all required information is received.